

APES 345 Reporting on Prospective Financial Information prepared in connection with a Public Document

[Supersedes APES 345 Reporting on Prospective Financial Information prepared in connection with a Public Document issued in October 2015]

REVISED: November 2019

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Appendix 1: Summary of revisions to the previous APES 345 (Issued in October 2015)

1. Scope and application

- 1.1 The objectives of APES 345 *Reporting on Prospective Financial Information prepared in connection with a Public Document* are to specify a Member in Public Practice's professional and ethical obligations in respect of:
 - fundamental responsibilities of the Member who performs a Reporting Service Engagement;
 - compliance with applicable Independence requirements;
 - consideration of relationships and the provision of other Professional Services that create threats to the Member's ability to comply with the fundamental principles;
 - reporting and documentation;
 - communication with Those Charged with Governance; and
 - the impact of any litigation between the Client or its related entities and the Firm.
- 1.2 Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board Limited (APESB) has revised professional standard APES 345 *Reporting on Prospective Financial Information prepared in connection with a Public Document* (**the Standard**), which is effective for Engagements commencing on or after 1 January 2020 and supersedes APES 345 issued in October 2015. Earlier adoption of this Standard is permitted.
- 1.3 APES 345 sets the standards for Members in Public Practice in the provision of quality and ethical Professional Services in respect of Reporting Service Engagements. The mandatory requirements of this Standard are in **bold-type**, preceded or followed by discussion or explanations in normal type. APES 345 should be read in conjunction with other professional duties of Members, and any legal obligations that may apply.
- 1.4 Members in Public Practice in Australia shall follow the mandatory requirements of APES 345 when they undertake Reporting Service Engagements for Clients.
- 1.5 Members in Public Practice practising outside of Australia shall follow the mandatory requirements of APES 345 to the extent to which they are not prevented from so doing by specific requirements of local laws and/or regulations.
- 1.6 The compilation of Prospective Financial Information does not, in itself, constitute a Reporting Service Engagement. APES 315 *Compilation of Financial Information* applies in these circumstances.
- 1.7 Members in Public Practice shall comply with other applicable Professional Standards and be familiar with relevant guidance notes when providing Professional Services. All Members shall comply with the fundamental principles outlined in the Code.
- 1.8 The Standard is not intended to detract from any responsibilities which may be imposed by law or regulation.
- 1.9 All references to Professional Standards, guidance notes and legislation are references to those provisions as amended from time to time.
- 1.10 In applying the requirements outlined in APES 345, Members in Public Practice should be guided not merely by the words but also by the spirit of this Standard and the Code.
- 1.11 In this Standard, unless otherwise specified, words in the singular include the plural and vice versa, words of one gender include another gender, and words referring to persons include corporations or organisations, whether incorporated or not.

2. Definitions

Defined terms are shown in the body of the Standard in title case.

For the purpose of this Standard:

Acceptable Level means a level at which a Member in Public Practice using the reasonable and informed third party test would likely conclude that the Member complies with the fundamental principles.

Assurance Engagement means an Engagement in which a Member in Public Practice aims to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence in order to express a conclusion designed to enhance the degree of confidence of the intended users other than the responsible party about the subject matter information (that is, the outcome of the measurement or evaluation of an underlying subject matter against criteria).

This includes an Engagement in accordance with the *Framework for Assurance Engagements* issued by the AUASB or in accordance with specific relevant standards, such as International Standards on Auditing, for Assurance Engagements.

(For guidance on Assurance Engagements, see the *Framework for Assurance Engagements* issued by the AUASB. The *Framework for Assurance Engagements* describes the elements and objectives of an Assurance Engagement and identifies Engagements to which *Australian Auditing Standards* (ASAs), *Standards on Review Engagements* (ASREs) and *Standards on Assurance Engagements* (ASAEs) apply.)

AUASB means the Australian statutory body called the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board established under section 227A of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001.

Client means an individual, firm, entity or organisation to whom or to which Professional Activities are provided by a Member in Public Practice in respect of Engagements of either a recurring or demand nature.

Code means APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards).

Contingent Fee means a fee calculated on a predetermined basis relating to the outcome of a transaction or the result of the services performed by the Firm. A fee that is established by a court or other public authority is not a Contingent Fee.

Disclosure Document means a disclosure document as defined in the Corporations Act 2001.

Engagement means an agreement, whether written or otherwise, between a Member in Public Practice and a Client relating to the provision of Professional Services by a Member in Public Practice. However, consultations with a prospective Client prior to such agreement are not part of an Engagement.

Engagement Document means the document (i.e. letter, agreement or any other appropriate means) in which the Terms of Engagement are specified in Writing.

Engagement Partner means the Partner or other person in the Firm who is responsible for the Engagement and its performance, and for the report that is issued on behalf of the Firm, and who, where required, has the appropriate authority from a professional, legal or regulatory body.

Engagement Period starts when the Firm accepts the Reporting Service Engagement and ends on the day the securities are allotted.

Engagement Team means all Partners and staff performing the Engagement, and any individuals engaged by the Firm or a Network Firm who perform procedures on the Engagement. This excludes External Experts engaged by the Firm or by a Network Firm.

External Expert means an individual (who is not a Partner or a member of the professional staff, including temporary staff, of the Firm or a Network Firm) or organisation possessing skills, knowledge and experience in a field other than accounting or auditing, whose work in that field is used to assist the Member in obtaining sufficient appropriate evidence.

Financial Interest means an interest in an equity or other security, debenture, loan or other debt instrument of an entity, including rights and obligations to acquire such an interest and derivatives directly related to such interest.

Firm means:

- (a) A sole practitioner, partnership, corporation or other entity of professional accountants;
- (b) An entity that controls such parties, through ownership, management or other means;
- (c) An entity controlled by such parties, through ownership, management or other means; or
- (d) An Auditor-General's office or department.

Independence comprises:

- (a) Independence of mind the state of mind that permits the expression of a conclusion without being affected by influences that compromise professional judgement, thereby allowing an individual to act with integrity, and exercise objectivity and professional scepticism.
- (b) Independence in appearance the avoidance of facts and circumstances that are so significant that a reasonable and informed third party would be likely to conclude that a Firm's, or an Engagement Team member's integrity, objectivity or professional scepticism has been compromised.

Member means a member of a Professional Body that has adopted this Standard as applicable to their membership, as defined by that Professional Body.

Member in Public Practice means a Member, irrespective of functional classification (for example, audit, tax or consulting) in a Firm that provides Professional Services. This term is also used to refer to a Firm of Members in Public Practice and means a practice entity and a participant in that practice entity as defined by the applicable Professional Body.

Network means a larger structure:

- (a) That is aimed at cooperation; and
- (b) That is clearly aimed at profit or cost sharing or shares common ownership, control or management, common quality control policies and procedures, common business strategy, the use of a common brand-name, or a significant part of professional resources.

Network Firm means a Firm or entity that belongs to a Network.

Partner means any individual with authority to bind the Firm with respect to the performance of an Engagement.

Product Disclosure Statement means a statement as defined in Chapter 7 of the *Corporations Act* 2001.

Professional Activity means an activity requiring accountancy or related skills undertaken by a Member, including accounting, auditing, tax, management consulting, and financial management.

Professional Bodies means Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand, CPA Australia and the Institute of Public Accountants.

Professional Services means Professional Activities performed for Clients.

Professional Standards means all standards issued by Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board Limited and all professional and ethical requirements of the applicable Professional Body.

Prospective Financial Information means financial information of a predictive character based on assumptions about events that may occur in the future and on possible actions by an entity.

Prospectus means a prospectus as defined in the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Public Document means a Disclosure Document, Product Disclosure Statement or other documentation provided to shareholders, unit holders or holders of a relevant interest in an entity (or which is provided to management of an entity) in relation to a scheme of arrangement under Part 5.1 of the *Corporations Act 2001* or a takeover or compulsory acquisition under Chapter 6 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Reporting Service Engagement means an Engagement in which a Member in Public Practice prepares a report on or in connection with Prospective Financial Information where such Prospective Financial Information or part thereof and the related report are included in a Public Document.

Terms of Engagement means the terms and conditions that are agreed between the Client and the Member in Public Practice for the Engagement.

Those Charged with Governance means the person(s) or organisation(s) (for example, a corporate trustee) with responsibility for overseeing the strategic direction of the entity and obligations related to the accountability of the entity. This includes overseeing the financial reporting process. For some entities in some jurisdictions, Those Charged with Governance might include management personnel, for example, executive members of a governance board of a private or public sector entity, or an owner-manager.

Writing means a mode of representing or reproducing words in a visible form and includes words in an electronic format capable of being converted to printed text.

3. Fundamental responsibilities of Members in Public Practice

- 3.1 A Member in Public Practice undertaking a Reporting Service Engagement shall comply with Part 1 Complying with the Code, Fundamental Principles and Conceptual Framework of the Code and relevant laws and regulations.
- 3.2 Members in Public Practice shall comply with Section 310 *Conflicts of Interest* of the Code.

Public interest

3.3 In accordance with Section 100 *Complying with the Code* of the Code, a Member in Public Practice shall observe and comply with the Member's public interest obligations when providing a Professional Service in respect of a Reporting Service Engagement.

Professional Independence

- 3.4 When a Member in Public Practice is engaged to perform a Reporting Service Engagement which requires Independence or purports to be independent, the Member shall comply with Independence as defined in this Standard.
- 3.5 A Member in Public Practice shall consider whether the circumstances of the Reporting Service Engagement make the Engagement an Assurance Engagement under the Framework for Assurance Engagements issued by the AUASB.
- 3.6 Where a Reporting Service Engagement is an Assurance Engagement, the Member in Public Practice shall comply with Part 4A Independence for Audit and Review Engagements or Part 4B Independence for Assurance Engagements Other than Audit and Review Engagements of the Code, as applicable.
- 3.7 A Member in Public Practice shall not act as an advocate in respect of a Reporting Service Engagement which requires Independence or purports to be independent.

Professional competence and due care

- 3.8 A Member in Public Practice performing a Reporting Service Engagement shall maintain professional competence and take due care in the performance of the Member's work in accordance with Subsection 113 *Professional Competence and Due Care* of the Code.
- 3.9 Where a Reporting Service Engagement requires the consideration of matters that are outside the professional expertise of the Member in Public Practice, the Member shall seek expert assistance or advice from a suitably qualified third party or decline the Reporting Service Engagement. Where the Member relies upon the advice of a third party, the Member shall disclose in the Member's report the name and qualifications of the third party and the area in the report where the third party advice has been obtained.
- 3.10 When planning to use the work of a suitably qualified third party, a Member in Public Practice shall assess the professional competence and objectivity of the third party, the engagement terms of the third party, and on completion the appropriateness and adequacy of the work performed.
- 3.11 In undertaking a Reporting Service Engagement, a Member in Public Practice should consider any guidance in respect of such services issued by the Professional Bodies and appropriate regulatory authorities.

Confidentiality

- 3.12 A Member in Public Practice who acquires confidential information in the course of performing a Reporting Service Engagement for a Client shall comply with Subsection 114 *Confidentiality* of the Code.
- 3.13 Unless a Member in Public Practice has a legal, regulatory or professional obligation of disclosure, the Member shall not convey any information relating to a Client's affairs to a third party without the Client's permission.
- 3.14 Where a Client has given a Member in Public Practice permission to disclose confidential information to a third party, it is preferable that this permission is in Writing. Where oral permission is obtained, a contemporaneous note should be made and kept on file by the Member recording the relevant details of the Client's approval.
- 3.15 Where a Member in Public Practice provides confidential information in accordance with a legal, regulatory or professional obligation of disclosure, the Member shall notify the Client or the relevant third party as soon as practicable, provided that there is no legal prohibition against such notification.

4. **Professional Engagement and other matters**

- 4.1 A Member in Public Practice shall document and communicate the Terms of Engagement to provide the Reporting Service Engagement to a Client in an Engagement Document in accordance with APES 305 Terms of Engagement.
- 4.2 A Member in Public Practice who is approached by a potential Client to undertake a Reporting Service Engagement shall comply with the requirements of Section 320 *Professional Appointments* of the Code.
- 4.3 A Member in Public Practice who utilises the services of a suitably qualified third party in connection with the performance of a Reporting Service Engagement shall not disclose the opinion or the name of the third party without the prior consent of that party unless the Member has a legal obligation of disclosure.

4.4 A Member in Public Practice shall gather sufficient and appropriate evidence by such means as inspection, inquiry, computation and analysis to ensure that the conclusions, for which the Member is responsible, are properly supported. When determining the extent and quality of evidence necessary, the Member shall exercise professional judgement, considering the nature of the Reporting Service Engagement, the Terms of Engagement and the use to which the Public Document will be put.

5. Relationships that create threats to the fundamental principles

- 5.1 This section describes specific circumstances arising out of relationships with the Client, which may create threats to the fundamental principles in the Code. Consideration should always be given to what a reasonable and informed third party¹ would reasonably conclude to be unacceptable. In situations where threats are not at an Acceptable Level, the only possible actions are to eliminate the circumstances, including interests or relationships that are creating the threat, apply safeguards, where available and capable of being applied, or refuse to accept or continue the Reporting Service Engagement.
- 5.2 Threats to the fundamental principles may be created by any of the following interests or relationships:
 - Financial Interests;
 - Loans and guarantees;
 - Close business relationships with the Client;
 - Employment relationships with the Client; or
 - Family and personal relationships.

6. The provision of other Professional Services

6.1 Where a Member in Public Practice is providing a Reporting Service Engagement to a Client, the provision of other Professional Services by the Member to the Client may create threats to compliance with the fundamental principles in the Code.

In this Standard "other Professional Services" comprise any Engagement in which a Member provides Professional Services to a Client other than pursuant to a Reporting Service Engagement.

- 6.2 Prior to accepting an Engagement to provide other Professional Services, the Member in Public Practice shall consider and evaluate whether any threats to compliance with the fundamental principles in the Code are created. If the threats identified are not at an Acceptable Level, the Member shall eliminate or reduce the threats to an Acceptable Level by:
 - (a) Eliminating the circumstances, including interests or relationships, that are creating the threats;
 - (b) Applying safeguards, where available and capable of being applied, to reduce the threats to an Acceptable Level; or
 - (c) Declining or ending the specific Professional Activity (for example, either the Reporting Service Engagement or the other Professional Services should not be carried out).

¹ The term 'reasonable and informed third party' is explained in paragraph 120.5 A4 of the Code.

6.3 A Member in Public Practice shall refuse an Engagement to provide other Professional Services in circumstances where the Engagement Partner responsible for the Reporting Service Engagement considers it probable that a reasonable and informed third party² would regard the objectives of the Engagement to provide the other Professional Service, proposed to be undertaken during the Engagement Period, as being inconsistent with the objectives of the Reporting Service Engagement.

7. Documentation

- 7.1 A Member in Public Practice shall prepare working papers in accordance with this Standard that appropriately document the work performed, including aspects of the Engagement that have been provided in Writing. The documentation prepared by the Member shall:
 - (a) provide a sufficient and appropriate record of the procedures performed for the Reporting Service Engagement;
 - (b) identify the source of significant information the Member has used in the conduct of the Reporting Service Engagement; and
 - (c) demonstrate that the Reporting Service Engagement was carried out in accordance with this Standard and all other Professional Standards applicable to the Reporting Service Engagement, including policies and procedures established in accordance with APES 320 Quality Control for Firms, and any applicable ethical, legal and regulatory requirements.

8. Reporting

- 8.1 A Member in Public Practice shall take all reasonable steps in accordance with the Terms of Engagement to ensure that the Prospective Financial Information that is the subject of the Reporting Service Engagement does not contain false or misleading information, or omit material information.
- 8.2 A Member in Public Practice shall take all reasonable steps in accordance with the Terms of Engagement, to ensure that the Public Document clearly states the basis(es) and key assumptions used in forecasting the Prospective Financial Information.
- 8.3 If, subsequent to the issue of a Public Document, the Member in Public Practice finds that information on which the Reporting Service Engagement is based contains false or misleading information or omits material information, the Member shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that the Client takes appropriate action to inform anyone who received the previously issued Public Document of the situation.
- 8.4 If the Member in Public Practice becomes aware that the Client has not taken appropriate action in terms of paragraph 8.3, the Member shall notify Those Charged with Governance of the Client.
- 8.5 If the Member in Public Practice becomes aware that Those Charged with Governance have not taken appropriate action in relation to the circumstances described in paragraph 8.4, the Member shall consider the Firm's policies and procedures established in accordance with Acceptance and Continuance of Client Relationships and Specific Engagements of APES 320 Quality Control for Firms in determining whether to continue acting for the Client in a professional capacity.
- 8.6 A Member in Public Practice shall not knowingly or recklessly make a statement or cause another to make a statement in or in connection with a Reporting Service Engagement that, by its content or by an omission, is false or misleading in a material manner.

² The term 'reasonable and informed third party' is explained in paragraph 120.5 A4 of the Code.

8.7 A Member in Public Practice who becomes aware of instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations when providing a Reporting Service Engagement shall comply with Section 360 Responding to Non-Compliance with Laws and Regulations of the Code.

9. Communication with Those Charged with Governance

- 9.1 The Member in Public Practice shall ensure that Those Charged with Governance of the Client, and any other persons or entities the Member is instructed to advise, are appropriately informed on a timely basis of all significant matters arising from the Reporting Service Engagement.
- 9.2 Matters communicated will generally include the key elements of the Member in Public Practice's consideration of significant matters such as:
 - The principal threats, if any, to objectivity and Independence identified by the Member, including consideration of relationships between the Firm and the Client, its related entities and directors and any other entities directly involved in the transaction which is the subject of the Public Document;
 - The overall assessment of threats to compliance with the fundamental principles;
 - The approach adopted in ensuring threats, if any, are at an Acceptable Level; and
 - Information about the general policies and processes within the Firm for maintaining objectivity and Independence.

10. **Professional fees**

- 10.1 A Member in Public Practice undertaking a Reporting Service Engagement shall be remunerated for such Professional Services by way of professional fees computed in accordance with Section 330 Fees and Other Types of Remuneration of the Code.
- 10.2 A Member in Public Practice shall not enter into a Contingent Fee arrangement or receive a Contingent Fee for a Reporting Service Engagement which requires Independence or which purports to be independent.

11. Threatened and actual litigation

11.1 Where litigation between the Client or its related entities and the Firm, which is other than insignificant, is already in progress, or where the Member in Public Practice considers such litigation to be probable, the Member shall consider the Firm's policies and procedures established in accordance with Acceptance and Continuance of Client Relationships and Specific Engagements of APES 320 Quality Control for Firms in determining whether to continue acting for the Client in a professional capacity.

Conformity with International Pronouncements

The International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA) has not issued a pronouncement equivalent to APES 345.

Appendix 1

Summary of revisions to the previous APES 345 (Issued in October 2015)

APES 345 Reporting on Prospective Financial Information prepared in connection with a Public Document was originally issued in November 2008 and revised in October 2015 (extant APES 345). APES 345 has been revised by APESB in November 2019. A summary of the revisions is given in the table below.

Table of revisions*

Paragraph affected	How affected
1.2	Amended
1.5	Amended
1.6 – Paragraph 1.10 of extant APES 345	Relocated
1.7 – Paragraph 1.6 of extant APES 345 relocated	Amended
1.8 – Paragraph 1.7 of extant APES 345	Relocated
1.9 – Paragraph 1.8 of extant APES 345	Relocated
1.10 – Paragraph 1.9 of extant APES 345	Relocated
2 – Introduction	Amended
2 – Definition of Acceptable Level	Amended
2 – Definition of Assurance Engagement	Amended
2 – Definition of Code	Amended
2 – Definition of Engagement Document	Amended
2 – Definition of Engagement Team	Amended
2 – Definition of Independence	Amended
2 – Definition of Member in Public Practice	Amended
2 – Definition of Network	Amended
2 – Definition of Professional Activity	Amended
2 – Definition of Terms of Engagement	Added
2 – Definition of Those Charged with Governance	Amended
2 – Definition of Writing	Added
3.1	Amended
3.2	Amended
3.3	Amended
3.4	Amended
3.5	Amended
3.6	Amended
3.8	Amended
3.10	Amended
3.11	Amended
3.12	Amended
3.13	Amended
3.14	Amended
3.15	Amended
4.1	Amended
4.2	Amended
4.3	Amended
4.4	Amended
5.1	Amended
6.1	Amended
6.2	Amended
6.3	Amended
7.1	Amended

Paragraph affected	How affected
8.1	Amended
8.2	Amended
8.5	Amended
8.7	Added
9.2	Amended
10.1	Amended
10.2	Amended

* Refer Technical Update 2019/8